### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### 395.1 RECREATION AND LEISURE TIME: Introduction

- "What is leisure time or free time?" (Time when you don't have to work or do chores around the house, time to pursue your own interests...)
- "Why is it important to do some things with other people during your free time?" (Get to know others, make friends, not be lonely . . . )
- "Why is it not good to spend all your free time alone?" (Won't meet others and vice versa, no companionship, no friends to be with . . . .)
- ""Why is it important not to spend all your free time doing sedentary activities?" (Your body needs exercise ...)
- "Name two free-time activities that can help exercise your body." (Swimming, playing ball games, going for walks . . . )
- "Name two free-time activities that will not give your body exercise." (Watching TV, looking at magazines, playing cards . . . )
- "When do you have free time here at (name of agency)?":
- "Name two times when you have free time at home.":
- "What is a hobby?" (Special on-going interest you pursue as a pleasurable pastime...)
  "Name five hobbies." (Collections, sports, arts & crafts...)
  "How can it be good to have a hobby?" (Makes life more interesting for you and others, it helps you learn a lot about or excel in one special thing...)
  "Do you have any hobbies?":
  If yes, "What are your hobbies?":
- "What are friends?" (People you like to be around more than others, non-relatives who are special to you . . . )
- "Why is it important to have friends?" (Have people to talk to and do things with, have companionship, give and receive affection . . . )
- "How can you get acquainted or make friends with someone?" (Introduce yourself; talk to person often then invite person to do something with you . . . )

Client is asked to name five activities people do with others during their free time. Activities named must be reasonable. Client may be cued to the number 5. It is suggested client be encouraged to name different activities each training session.

■ Client names five activities people do with others during their free time

Client is asked to name five activities he or she can do with others during his or her free time. Activities named must be, in all probability, currently achievable leisure-time possibilities for client. Client may be cued to the number 5. It is suggested client be encouraged to name different activities each training session.

■ Client names five leisure-time activities that in all probability he or she can currently do with others

Client is asked to name five activities people do alone during their free time. Activities named must be reasonable. Client may be cued to the number 5. It is suggested client be encouraged to name different activities each training session.

Client names five activities people do alone during their free time

Client is asked to name five activities he or she can do alone during his or her free time. Activities named must be, in all probability, currently achievable leisure-time possibilities for client. Client may be cued to the number 5. It is suggested client be encouraged to name different activities each training session.

Client names five leisure-time activities that in all probability he or she can currently do alone

#### 395.2 INVITING OTHERS TO PARTICIPATE IN FREE-TIME ACTIVITIES

Instructor and client agree on a leisure-time activity client knows how to do and would like to do (e.g. go for a walk, get a refreshment and chat, play a card or table game), and someone with whom client would like to perform the activity. Client is then asked to invite the person to participate in the activity. More than one person may be asked to participate and the person(s) may vary each training session. An entry is provided below for instructor to indicate the specific activity in which client is to invite participation. For training on inviting others to participate in *more than one* activity (preferable), write a new skill for each activity by using the same procedure and tasks as here; in this case, it is suggested to assure client completes training on one activity before beginning training on the next. Specific activity in which client is to be trained to invite participation:

- Client invites person(s) Using appropriate social etiquette while inviting
- Expresses invitation clearly Reacts appropriately if invitation is declined
- Performs the activity
- At end of activity, thanks or otherwise appropriately demonstrates appreciation to person(s) for participating

### 395.3 USE OF RADIO

- Client is shown a radio and asked: "What is this?" (Radio . . . )
- Client is shown several items including a radio and asked: "Point to the radio."

The tasks that follow are intended to accomodate a variety of radio types (e.g. stereo radio-phonograph combination, AM radio only, battery-operated transistor). It is suggested to determine the type of radio client is to be trained on and select the corresponding tasks. An entry is provided below for instructor to indicate specific type of radio on which client is to receive training.

Specific type of radio on which client is to receive training:

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

■ Treble control

■ Treble control

Bass control

Headphones or earphone

Headphones or earphone

■ Color intensity control

■ Brightness control

■ Hue control

■ Headphones/earphone lack

Bass control

■ Speakers (external)

■ Battery compartment

■ Speakers (external)

Contrast control

■ Earphone jack

Earphone

Battery compartment

Antenna

**■** Batteries

Antenna

Client is shown the radio parts selected for training, and asked for each: "What is this?"

Balance controlTone control (for both

treble and bass)

■ Station tuner

■ Station tuner

■ Balance control

■ Tone control (for both

Client is shown a television set and asked: "What is this?" (Television set, television, TV...)
 Client is shown several items including a television set and asked: "Point to the television (TV) set."

Horizontal hold control

Vertical hold control

Antenna

Client is shown the television parts selected for training, and asked for each: "What is this?"

Specific type of television set on which client is to receive training:

Client is asked to point to each radio part selected for training.

#### USE OF RADIO (Cont.)

■ On/off switch

■ Main power switch

■ Function selector

Main power switch

Function selector

396.1 USE OF TELEVISION

On/off switch

■ Volume control

Channel selector

Fine tuning control

■ Volume control

On/off switch

<ul> <li>Volume</li> </ul>	control	treble and bass)	Headphones/earphone jack	Batteries
Client reaso	onably explains purp	ose of each radio part selected fo	r training.	
On/off	switch	Station tuner	Treble control	Speakers (external)
Main po	ower switch	Balance control	■ Bass control	Antenna
Functio	on selector	Tone control (for both	Headphones or earphone	Battery compartment
■ Volume	e control	treble and bass)	Headphones/earphone jack	Batteries
TURNING	ON RADIO			
	Client demonstrates	turning on radio that has on/off	switch only	
•	Demonstrates turning	ng on main power switch		
NOITATE	SELECTION			
	Demonstrates: Tun	ing in three AM stations on radio	with AM only (may be cued to the	e number three) 💢 📕 Finely tuning
	each station			
	Demonstrates: Sett	ing function selector to AM	Tuning in three AM stations (may	be cued to the number three)
	Finely tuning each	ch station		
		5	Tuning in one FM station Fig	
•	Demonstrates: Sett	ing function selector to FM stere	o 📕 Tuning in one FM stereo sta	ation   Finely tuning the station
VOLUME				
	Demonstrates turning	ng volume: To listening level app	propriate for the situation 💢 "Up	o" ■ "Down"
TONE				
	Demonstrates adjus	ting tone control: To maximum	treble To maximum bass	
-	Demonstrates adjus	ting individual treble control: To	o maximum treble 📑 To minimu	m treble
	Demonstrates adjus	ting individual bass control: To	maximum bass 📕 To minimum b	pass
STEREO B	BALANCE			
	Demonstrates adjus	ting stereo balance control to rea	sonably balanced stereophonic liste	ening
HEADPHO	NES/EARPHONE			
	Demonstrates: Inse	rting headphones (earphone) plu	g into phone jack 💢 Putting on h	headphones (earphone) appropri-
	ately 🖣 Adjustin	g volume to reasonable (i.e. "safe	e") level	
ANTENNA	4			
-	Demonstrates appro	priately: Extending antenna	Rotating antenna 📑 Closing a	ntenna
BATTERI	ES			
	Demonstrates chang	ing batteries by: Appropriately o	pening battery compartment	Removing batteries 📑 Replacing
	batteries to state of	operation - And closing batt	ery compartment	
THENING	OFF RADIO			
OMITING	Demonstrates turnis			

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

ISE	ΩF	TF	F\/	10121	110	ont
J.7 🗆	()[			13101	A 10	JUIL.

Record player

■ 33-1/3 record

45 record

33-1/3 record dust cover

USE O	F TELEVISION (Cont.)			
	Client is asked to point to ea	ach television part selected for train	ing.	
	<ul><li>On/off switch</li></ul>	Horizontal hold control	Color intensity control	■ Contrast control
	■ Volume control	Vertical hold control	■ Hue control	<ul><li>Earphone</li></ul>
	■ Channel selector	■ Antenna	<ul><li>Brightness control</li></ul>	Earphone jack
	<ul><li>Fine tuning control</li></ul>			
	Client reasonably explains p	urpose of each television part select	ed for training.	
	<ul><li>On/off switch</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Horizontal hold control</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Color intensity control</li> </ul>	Contrast control
	<ul> <li>Volume control</li> </ul>	Vertical hold control	Hue control	Earphone
	<ul><li>Channel selector</li></ul>	■ Antenna	<ul><li>Brightness control</li></ul>	Earphone jack
	<ul><li>Fine tuning control</li></ul>			
	TURNING ON TELEVISIO	N		
	<ul><li>Client demonstr</li></ul>	rates turning on television		
	VOLUME			
	Demonstrates to	urning volume: To listening level ap	propriate for the situation 📑 "U	lp'' ■ "Down"
	CHANNEL SELECTION			
	Demonstrates to	urning to: Channel = Char	nnel   Channel	Channel Channel
	FINE TUNING CONTROL			
	<ul> <li>Demonstrates us</li> </ul>	sing the fine tuning control to appro	opriately fine tune a picture	
	HORIZONTAL HOLD CON			
	<ul> <li>Demonstrates us</li> </ul>	sing the horizontal hold control to a	appropriately stabilize a picture's ho	orizontal distortion
	VERTICAL HOLD CONTR			
	Demonstrates us	sing the vertical hold control to app	ropriately stabilize a picture's vertic	cal distortion
	ANTENNA			
	Demonstrates ap	ppropriately: Extending antenna	Rotating antenna Closing	antenna
	COLOR INTENSITY CONT	TROL		
	Demonstrates us	sing the color intensity control to a	ppropriately adjust a picture's color	intensity
	HUE CONTROL			
	Demonstrates u	sing the hue control to appropriatel	y adjust a picture's hue	
	BRIGHTNESS CONTROL			
	<ul><li>Demonstrates u</li></ul>	sing the brightness control to appro	priately adjust a picture's brightness	S
	CONTRAST CONTROL			
	Demonstrates u	sing the contrast control to appropr	iately adjust a picture's contrast	
	EARPHONE			
		Inserting earphone plug into earpho	ne jack Appropriately insertin	g earphone into ear 👤 Adjustir
		ne to reasonable level		
	TURNING OFF TELEVISI			
		urning off television		
		levision set as the one used for train		hannel. The set should be off, not
	NUCLBARY AND THE PARTY OF THE P	vithout the volume pre-adjusted bef		
		n Locates any channel A		
		propriately uses: Fine tuning contro		Vertical hold control
	_	propriately uses: Color intensity co	_	
	<ul> <li>If picture requires it, app</li> </ul>	propriately uses: Brightness control	■ Contrast control	
397.1	USE OF RECORD PLA	YER		
	Client is shown the items se	elected for training, and asked for ea	ch: "What is this?"	
	Record player	■ 45 record	■ 33-1/3 record jacket	■ Record cleaner
	■ 33-1/3 record	■ 33-1/3 record dust cover	■ 45 record cover	
		s including the items selected for tra		o"
	Record player	■ 45 record	■ 33-1/3 record jacket	■ Record cleaner
	■ 33-1/3 record	■ 33-1/3 record dust cover	■ 45 record cover	
		ourpose of each item selected for tra	nining.	

■ 33-1/3 record jacket

45 record cover

Record cleaner

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### USE OF RECORD PLAYER (Cont.)

The tasks that follow are intended to accomodate a variety of record player types (e.g. stereo, monaural, stereo radio-record player combination). It is suggested to determine the type of record player client is to be trained on and select the corresponding tasks. An entry is provided below for instructor to indicate specific type of record player on which client is to receive training.

Specific type of record player on which client is to receive training:

Client is shown the second player pasts releated	for training, and asked for each: "What is this?"
Client is snown the record player parts selected	for training, and asked for each: what is this?

Main power switch	<ul><li>Automatic spindle</li></ul>	■ Tone arm	treble and bass)
Function selector	Adaptor disc for 45 record	Tone arm rest	■ Treble control
<ul><li>Speed control</li></ul>	<ul><li>Control to start (On), stop</li></ul>	Volume control	Bass control
Control arm	(Off), and reject (Auto)	Speakers (external)	Cueing lever
<ul><li>Turntable</li></ul>	Dust cover	Balance control	Headphones
Manual spindle	Stylus (needle)	Tone control (for both	Headphones jack
Client is asked to point to ea	ich record player part selected for trai	ning.	
Main power switch	Automatic spindle	■ Tone arm	treble and bass)
<ul><li>Function selector</li></ul>	Adaptor disc for 45 record	Tone arm rest	Treble control
<ul><li>Speed control</li></ul>	<ul><li>Control to start (On), stop</li></ul>	Volume control	Bass control
Control arm	<ul><li>(Off), and reject (Auto)</li></ul>	Speakers (external)	Cueing lever
Turntable	■ Dust cover	Balance control	Headphones
Manual spindle	■ Stylus (needle)	Tone control (for both	Headphones jack
Client reasonably explains p	urpose of each record player part selec	cted for training.	
Main power switch	Automatic spindle	■ Tone arm	treble and bass)
Function selector	Adaptor disc for 45 record	Tone arm rest	Treble control
Speed control	■ Control to start (On), stop	<ul><li>Volume control</li></ul>	Bass control
■ Control arm	(Off), and reject (Auto)	<ul><li>Speakers (external)</li></ul>	Cueing lever
Turntable	■ Dust cover	Balance control	Headphones
Manual spindle	Stylus (needle)	Tone control (for both	Headphones jack
PUTTING ON RECORD -	Use Of Automatic Play For 33-1/3 R	.P.M. Records	

### Client is handed two 33-1/3 records in their covers and asked to play them.

- Client demonstrates: Opening cover of record player And stabilizing cover in open position
- Demonstrates: Lifting control arm from down position
  And swinging it to the right to open position
- Demonstrates: Removing manual spindle
  And inserting automatic spindle appropriately
- Appropriately removes the 33-1/3 records from their covers
- Places records on each other evenly
  Carefully
  And on appropriate (i.e. non-damaging) surface
- Using both hands, carefully brings evenly stacked records over spindle
- Appropriately aligns spindle and center holes of records
- Eases records down the spindle with both hands
  Until records rest on automatic spindle projection
- Steadies records appropriately with left hand
  Returns control arm to center of turntable with right hand
  And carefully lowers control arm over records
- Demonstrates setting speed control at 33-1/3 indicator

#### Starting combination unit

Turns on main power switch
Demonstrates setting function selector for phonograph operations

#### Starting turntable

Activates "Reject" ("Automatic") control
And holds it momentarily in place until turntable begins revolving

### PUTTING ON RECORD - Use Of Manual Play For A 33-1/3 Or 45 R.P.M. Record

### Client is handed a 33-1/3 or 45 record in its cover and asked to play it.

- Demonstrates: Opening cover of record player
  And stabilizing cover in open position
- Demonstrates: Lifting control arm from down position
  And swinging it to the right to open position
- Demonstrates: Appropriately removing automatic spindle And inserting manual spindle
- Demonstrates putting 45 adaptor spindle in place
- Appropriately removes the 33-1/3 or 45 record from its cover
- Demonstrates correctly inserting adaptor disc into opening of 45 record
- Using both hands, carefully brings record over spindle
- Appropriately aligns spindle and center hole of record
- Eases record down the spindle with both hands
   Until record rests on turntable
- Returns control arm to center of turntable And carefully lowers control arm to down position
- Demonstrates setting speed control: At 33-1/3 indicator
  At 45 indicator

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### USE OF RECORD PLAYER (Cont.)

#### Starting combination unit

■ Turns on main power switch ■ Demonstrates setting function selector for phonograph operations

#### Starting turntable

■ Moves starter control to "On" or "Start" position

#### Positioning stylus manually

- Lifts tone arm by its handle with right hand
  And lowers it over record until stylus contacts lead-in groove
- As stylus makes contact with record: Uses appropriate pressure
  And hand steadiness

#### Positioning stylus using cueing lever

- Lifts tone arm using cueing lever appropriately
- Positions tone arm over lead-in groove
  So stylus is in correct position for lowering
- Lowers tone arm using cueing lever appropriately

#### **DURING RECORD PLAYING**

- Demonstrates adjusting volume control to listening level appropriate for the situation
- Demonstrates adjusting tone control: To maximum treble
  To maximum bass
- Demonstrates adjusting individual treble control: To maximum treble
  To minimum treble
- Demonstrates adjusting individual bass control: To maximum bass To minimum bass
- Demonstrates adjusting balance control to reasonably balanced stereophonic sound
- Demonstrates: Inserting headphones plug into headphones jack headphones volume to reasonable (i.e. "safe") level
  Putting on headphones appropriately Adjusting
- Demonstrates appropriately using "reject" control to prematurely end the playing of a record
- Demonstrates turning off record player and/or combination unit

#### AT END OF ALL RECORD PLAYING

- Appropriately returns control arm to open position
   Lifts records off spindle
- Returns records to covers Records are in their original covers
- Demonstrates closing cover of record player appropriately
- Demonstrates appropriately cleaning a record

### 399.1 USE OF CASSETTE TAPE RECORDER

Fast forward button

This skill is intended for use with a basic cassette tape recorder that is not part of a more complex sound system (e.g. tape recorder/radio unit), and the skill does not include training client how to record sound. For training on more sophisticated equipment and how to record, instructor will need to expand the task analysis appearing here. An entry is provided below for instructor to indicate specific type of cassette tape recorder on which client is to receive training.

Specific type of cassette tape recorder on which client is to receive training:

Client is shown the items selected for training, and asked for each: "What is this?"

■ Tone control

<ul> <li>Cassette tape recorder</li> </ul>	Cassette tape	Cassette storage box	Carrying case
Client is shown several items i	ncluding the items selected for	training, and asked for each: "Point	to"
<ul> <li>Cassette tape recorder</li> </ul>	Cassette tape	Cassette storage box	Carrying case
Client reasonably explains pur	rpose of each item selected for	training.	
Cassette tape recorder	Cassette tape	Cassette storage box	Carrying case
Client is shown the tape recor	der parts selected for training,	and asked for each: "What is this?"	
Eject button	Rewind button	Earphone	Cord
<ul><li>Playback button</li></ul>	Record button	Earphone jack	AC input
Stop button	Volume control	Battery compartment	Carrying handle
<ul> <li>Fast forward button</li> </ul>	■ Tone control	Batteries	
Client is asked to point to eac	h tape recorder part selected for	or training.	
Eject button	Rewind button	Earphone	■ Cord
Playback button	Record button	Earphone jack	AC input
Stop button	Volume control	Battery compartment	Carrying handle
<ul> <li>Fast forward button</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Tone control</li></ul>	Batteries	
Client reasonably explains pur	rpose of each tape recorder par	t selected for training.	
■ Eject button	Rewind button	Earphone	■ Cord
<ul><li>Playback button</li></ul>	Record button	Earphone jack	AC input
■ Stop button	<ul><li>Volume control</li></ul>	Battery compartment	Carrying handle

Batteries

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

### USE OF CASSETTE TAPE RECORDER (Cont.)

Client is shown a cassette tape recorder, a cassette tape in its storage box, and is asked to play the tape.

- Client demonstrates plugging correct end of cord into wall outlet
  And other end into recorder AC input
- Appropriately opens cassette tape storage box And removes cassette
- Opens cassette compartment lid on recorder
   By appropriately depressing eject button
- Puts correct end of cassette into cassette compartment Guides cassette gently into operating position
- Does not touch tape while inserting cassette into cassette compartment Closes compartment lid Gently
- Depresses playback button Locks playback button for playing Demonstrates depressing stop button at end of tape

#### **REWIND BUTTON**

- Demonstrates rewinding tape partially by: Depressing rewind button
   Allowing tape to rewind partially
   And depressing stop button
- Demonstrates rewinding tape *completely* by: Depressing rewind button Allowing tape to rewind completely Depressing stop button

### **FAST FORWARD BUTTON**

- Demonstrates advancing tape partially by: Depressing fast forward button Allowing tape to advance partially And depressing stop button
- Demonstrates advancing tape completely by: Depressing fast forward button
   Allowing tape to advance to the end
   Depressing stop button

#### VOLUME

Demonstrates adjusting volume control to listening level appropriate for the situation

#### TONE

Demonstrates adjusting tone control: To maximum treble
To maximum bass

### PLAYING OPPOSITE SIDE

- Demonstrates playing opposite side of a tape that has just finished playing by: Appropriately depressing eject button
  - Removing tape Reversing tape Reinserting tape into cassette compartment Closing lid of compartment
  - And depressing playback button

### EARPHONE

■ Demonstrates using earphone by: Inserting earphone plug into earphone jack ■ Appropriately inserting earphone into ear ■ Adjusting earphone volume to reasonable level

#### REMOVING AND STORING TAPE

While a tape is playing, client is asked to show how to stop playing the tape and put it away.

- Appropriately depresses stop button Depresses eject button Removes tape Closes cassette compartment lid
- Appropriately inserts cassette tape into storage box And closes storage box

#### BATTERIES

■ Demonstrates changing batteries by: Appropriately opening battery compartment ■ Removing batteries ■ Replacing batteries to state of operation ■ And closing battery compartment

### CARRYING RECORDER

■ Demonstrates carrying recorder appropriately while walking (e.g. by handle or carrying case strap)

#### 400.1 USE OF NEWSPAPER

This skill is intended to train basic use of a newspaper to a client who reads. It is suggested to consider training a client who has more limited reading skills to use those parts of a newspaper he or she will find practical in daily living (e.g. television guide, grocery ads, community events page).

- Client is shown a newspaper and asked: "What is this?" (Newspaper, paper must use generic word)
- Client is shown several items including a newspaper and asked: "Point to the newspaper."
- "Why can it be important to read the newspaper?" (Be well-informed, have source of wide variety of news in detail, benefit from store bargains...)
- "Name five subject areas commonly contained in newspapers." (Local news, grocery ads, TV and movie guides, sports, comics...)
- "What are headlines?" (Titles throughout a newspaper that indicate the subject of what appears below them . . . )
- "How are headlines useful?" (Help quickly locate what you're looking for, give quick summary of news when you're in a hurry . . . )

Instructor hands client local newspaper and proceeds with the tasks selected for training. It is recommended newspaper used be of same date as training session. It is suggested instructor determine parts of a newspaper in addition to the parts appearing below that may be useful or of special interest to the individual client, and include tasks regarding use of those parts as well.

INDEX

■ Client demonstrates locating departmental index ■ And two departments according to index page-reference

#### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### USE OF NEWSPAPER (Cont.)

#### **HEADLINES**

■ Demonstrates locating any five headlines ■ And indicating for each the probable content based on the headline only

#### **TELEVISION**

- Demonstrates locating television schedule
- For any five times on television schedule, demonstrates: Reading the times (and distinguishing AM and PM) stating what programs will be televised at each time Stating the respective television channel for each program

Instructor selects a television program that has accompanying program notes, points to the program on the television schedule, and asks client to locate program notes for it. Repeat same procedure for a second program.

Locates program notes for two television programs

#### MOVIES

- Demonstrates locating movies section
- When asked: Names any two movies playing
   States telephone number of each theater
   States telephone number of each theater
- "Name a movie theater you know how to go to from where you live.":
  When asked, locates the same movie theater in movies section

#### CALENDAR OF COMMUNITY EVENTS

- Demonstrates locating calendar of community events page (this may require a Sunday newspaper)
- When asked: Selects a community event of personal interest
   States date of event
   States place of event
   States time event begins
   States admission fee

#### **SPORTS**

Demonstrates locating sports section

#### COMICS

Demonstrates locating comics section

#### WEATHER

■ Demonstrates locating: Weather report ■ Predicted high and low temperatures for the day ■ Predicted high and low temperatures for the next day ■ Prediction of when the rain's gonna stop (Oregon residents only)

#### **GROCERY ADS**

- "At what grocery store do you shop most often?":
- When asked: Locates grocery ad of store named above States what items are on sale States sale price of each item

### OTHER SALE ADS

Instructor and client decide on three specific non-grocery items client needs or would be interested in purchasing (e.g. pair of shoes, phonograph record, house plant). Client is then asked to look carefully through the newspaper to determine if sale ads for the items appear there.

- Correctly determines presence or absence of ads for the three items
- Of ads present in newspaper: States where each item is on sale
  States sale price of each item

### CLASSIFIED ADS

■ Demonstrates locating: Help wanted section ■ Jobs wanted section ■ Apartments for rent section ■ Rooms for rent section ■ Lost and found section

#### 401.1 SPORTSMANSHIP

- "What is sportsmanship?" (Playing by the rules when participating in group leisure-time activities, accepting winning and losing graciously . . . )
- "Give an example of someone showing good sportsmanship." (If wins game says something complimentary to loser, if loses congratulates winner...)
- "Give an example of poor sportsmanship." (Winner boasts superiority to loser, loser gets angry or refuses to play again, loser cheats in next game . . . )
- "Why is it important to show good sportsmanship?" (People will enjoy doing leisure-time activities with you, competitive games will be more fun...)
- "What can happen if you don't show good sportsmanship?" (May not be invited to participate with others, may hurt people's feelings . . . )
- "How do people take a vote to agree on a free-time activity to do?" (Client explains basic majority vote process)
- "Why is taking a vote a good way to resolve opposing interests?" (It's quick, easy, and fair; it doesn't facilitate "blaming" any one person . . . )

## Client participates in an actual (i.e. not role-play) majority vote experience.

- Client participates actively (i.e. votes)
   Uses same voting method as the group (e.g. raises hand)
   Votes only once
- Bases vote, from all appearances, on own wishes
   Reacts appropriately to results of vote (e.g. cooperates afterwards)

#### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### 402.1 TABLE AND CARD GAMES: Introduction

- "What are table games?" (Games you usually play indoors sitting at a table, games requiring concentration more than physical activity ...) "Name two table games." (Checkers, Bingo, cards, the Ungame ...) "What table games do you know how to play?" (Names at least two if several known):
- "What are card games?" (Games you play with playing cards...)
   "Name two card games." (Concentration, Old Maid, Fish, Solitaire, I Doubt It...)
   "What card games do you know how to play?" (Names at least two if several known):
- "What does someone do who cheats during a game?" (Deliberately doesn't play by the rules client may give specific example . . . )
- "What can happen if you don't play a game correctly?" (Others may get upset, ridicule you, think you cheat, not invite you again . . . )
- "Why is it good to know how to play games?" (Inexpensive entertainment, chance to talk and socialize, it's convenient when you have to stay indoors . . . )
- "How do games promote socialization and getting to know people better?" (There's time to chat, you're close together, everyone is relaxed...)

#### 402.2 PLAYING TABLE GAMES

Instructor and client agree on a table game client will learn.

Agreed upon table game on which client is to receive training:

- Client is shown the game indicated above and asked: "What game is this?" (Answers as indicated above)
- Client is shown several games including the game indicated above and asked: "Point to (name of game)."
- Indicates understanding object of game
  Indicates understanding essential rules of game

Client is asked to play the game indicated above. If game requires other players, and client is to initiate the inviting, client also is asked to invite others to participate. Instructor will need to write, in the form of tasks, the essential game rules client is to follow, as well as other playing factors that may require special consideration depending on client's ability level (e.g. holding cards appropriately, keeping tokens within gameboard boundary lines). The tasks, once written, should be inserted where indicated below. For training on additional table games (preferable), write a new skill for each game by using the same procedure and format as here; it is recommended, however, to assure client completes training on one game before beginning training on the next.

- Invites participation of others when requested States name of game to be played when inviting Invites number of participants appropriate to the game
- Locates game
   And collects any additional necessary materials (e.g. pencil, paper for keeping score)
- Sets up game correctly for playing
- INSTRUCTOR INSERTS HERE the specially written tasks regarding the essential game rules client is to follow, and other playing factors that may require special consideration, as explained in directions above.
- Shows acceptable sportsmanship while playing game
  And at end of game when wins or loses
- When all game-playing is over: Returns game to its storage container
   Appropriately (e.g. does not damage parts; keeps parts organized)
   And returns game to appropriate storage area

### 402.3 CARD GAMES: Introductory Concepts And Identifying Cards By Suit

- Client is shown a deck of cards and asked: "What is this (are these)?" (Deck of cards, playing cards...)
- Client is shown several items including a deck of cards and asked: "Point to the deck of cards."

#### VISUAL IDENTIFICATION OF SUITS

Client is shown four cards, each a different suit but same value, and asked: "Point to (e.g. hearts)." It is suggested to vary the four-card set shown each training session but keep suits and values as previously indicated.

■ Points to: Hearts
■ Clubs
■ Diamonds
■ Spades

Client is handed a deck of shuffled cards and asked: "Give me all the (e.g. hearts)."

■ Gives all the: Hearts ■ Clubs ■ Diamonds ■ Spades

#### **VERBAL IDENTIFICATION OF SUITS**

Client is shown four cards, each a different suit but same value. Instructor points to the suits and asks for each: "What suit is this card?" It is suggested to vary the four-card set shown each training session but keep suits and values as previously indicated.

■ Names: Hearts ■ Clubs ■ Diamonds ■ Spades

Client is handed approximately half a deck of shuffled cards and asked: "Name the suit of each card."

■ Names all: Hearts ■ Clubs ■ Diamonds ■ Spades

Client is shown a joker card and asked: "What card is this?" (Joker)
 □ Client is shown several cards together including a joker, and asked: "Give me the joker."
 □ "Are jokers usually used in card games?" (No)
 □ "How many jokers usually come with a deck of cards?" (Two)
 □ "What should you do before using a deck that has jokers?" (Remove jokers)

### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

### CARD GAMES: Introductory Concepts And Identifying Cards By Suit (Cont.)

- "How many cards make a standard deck of cards complete?" (52) "How many cards make a suit complete?" (13)
- "Should you play a card game if the deck or suits are not complete?" (No)
- "What can you do to make sure your deck has the proper cards before playing?" (Count 52 cards less jokers, or count 13 cards for each suit)
- Client is handed a deck of cards and asked to determine if it is complete by counting the cards (Answers correctly after counting)
  Client is handed a deck of shuffled cards and asked to determine if it is complete by sorting cards into suits and counting thirteen cards
- Client correctly: Sorts deck into suits Counts cards of each suit And states if deck is complete

### 403.1 CARD GAMES: Identifying Cards Of A Suit

#### VISUAL IDENTIFICATION OF CARDS OF A SUIT

Client is shown thirteen cards of the same suit, arranged in random order, and asked for each: "Point to the (e.g. 2)." It is suggested to use a different suit of thirteen cards each training session.

■ Points to the: 2 ■ 3 ■ 4 ■ 5 ■ 6 ■ 7 ■ 8 ■ 9 ■ 10 ■ Jack ■ Queen ■ King ■ Ace Client is handed a deck of shuffled cards and asked: "Give me all the (e.g. 2's)."

■ Gives all the: 2's ■ 3's ■ 4's ■ 5's ■ 6's ■ 7's ■ 8's ■ 9's ■ 10's ■ Jacks ■ Queens ■ Kings ■ Aces ■ Jokers

### VERBAL IDENTIFICATION OF CARDS OF A SUIT

Client is handed the cards selected for training, of same suit or mixed suits, and is asked to state the value (e.g. 2) or name (e.g. jack) of each card.

■ Verbally identifies: 2 ■ 3 ■ 4 ■ 5 ■ 6 ■ 7 ■ 8 ■ 9 ■ 10 ■ Jack ■ Queen ■ King ■ Ace ■ Joker

### 403.2 CARD GAMES: Identifying Cards By Name And Suit

For each task selected for training, client is asked to identify the indicated card by name and suit (e.g. 2 of hearts). An entry is provided below for instructor to indicate whether client is to identify cards verbally or non-verbally (e.g. by pointing).

Client is to identify cards:	VerballyNon-verbally		
2 of hearts	2 of clubs	2 of diamonds	2 of spades
3 of hearts	3 of clubs	3 of diamonds	3 of spades
4 of hearts	4 of clubs	4 of diamonds	4 of spades
5 of hearts	5 of clubs	5 of diamonds	5 of spades
6 of hearts	6 of clubs	6 of diamonds	6 of spades
7 of hearts	7 of clubs	7 of diamonds	7 of spades
8 of hearts	<ul><li>8 of clubs</li></ul>	8 of diamonds	8 of spades
9 of hearts	9 of clubs	9 of diamonds	9 of spades
10 of hearts	10 of clubs	10 of diamonds	10 of spades
Jack of hearts	<ul><li>Jack of clubs</li></ul>	Jack of diamonds	Jack of spades
Queen of hearts	Queen of clubs	Queen of diamonds	Queen of spades
King of hearts	King of clubs	King of diamonds	King of spades
Ace of hearts	Ace of clubs	Ace of diamonds	Ace of spades

#### 403.3 CARD GAMES: Shuffling Cards

Client is handed a deck of cards and asked to shuffle them and demonstrate the process of card-cutting. Instructor arranges for someone to sit on client's right and client's left.

- Client divides deck in two piles of roughly same size
   Piles are face down
- Brings piles together at corners
  Appropriately holds down each pile with fingers
  And bends up corners with thumbs
- Slides the 2 piles closer together so they will interlock when released
  Releases cards in each pile by letting cards riffle downwards
- Slides cards together forming one pile Pile is even
- Repeats shuffling two times
  Shuffles cards in reasonable amount of time
- Presents shuffled deck to person on right (for cutting)
- Completes deck-cutting by placing bottom portion of cut on top of top portion

Instructor, client, and possibly others are seated at table, client to the right of instructor. Instructor asks client to imagine a card game is about to begin. Instructor then shuffles the cards and presents them to client for cutting.

■ Client appropriately removes five or more cards from top of deck ■ And places them face down ■ Beside remainder of deck

#### I. USE OF LEISURE TIME AT HOME

#### 404.1 CARD GAMES: Card-Dealing And Miscellaneous Pre-Play Skills

Client and three other persons are seated at table. Cl	lient is handed a deck of cards and	asked to deal four cards to self and others.
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- Client deals first to person on left
  Deals clockwise, each person in turn
  Deals four cards to each person and self
- Deals only one card at a time Deals cards face down Cards cannot be seen while being dealt

Client and three other persons are seated at table. Client is handed a deck of cards and asked to deal ten cards to self and others.

- Client deals first to person on left
   Deals clockwise, each person in turn
   Deals ten cards to each person and self
- Deals only one card at a time Deals cards face down Cards cannot be seen while being dealt

Client and three other persons are seated at table. Client is handed a deck of cards and asked to deal thirteen cards to self and others.

- Client deals first to person on left
  Deals clockwise, each person in turn
  Deals thirteen cards to each person and self
- Deals only one card at a time
  Deals cards face down
  Cards cannot be seen while being dealt

Instructor deals eight cards each to client and other three persons at table and asks client to hold the cards for playing.

- Client picks up all cards
  Picks up cards in a manner that does not allow others to see card faces
- Holds all cards facing self Holds cards out of view of other players
- Demonstrates fanning cards so all eight cards can be identified at once
- Demonstrates appropriately drawing a card (from the stack)
- Demonstrates appropriately drawing a card from another player's hand
- Demonstrates appropriately discarding a card (i.e. on discard pile)

#### 404.2 PLAYING CARD GAMES

Instructor and client agree on a card game client will learn.

Agreed upon card game on which client is to receive training:

Client indicates understanding object of game
 Indicates understanding essential rules of game

Client is asked to play the game indicated above. If game requires other players, and client is to initiate the inviting, client also is asked to invite others to participate. Instructor will need to write, in the form of tasks, the essential game rules client is to follow, as well as other playing factors that may require special consideration depending on client's ability level (e.g. special dealing, concepts of pairs or rank order). The tasks, once written, should be inserted where indicated below. For training on additional card games (preferable), write a new skill for each game by using the same procedure and format as here; it is recommended, however, to assure client completes training on one game before beginning training on the next.

- Invites participation of others when requested States name of card game to be played when inviting Invites number of participants appropriate to the game
- Locates cards
  And collects any additional necessary materials (e.g. pencil, paper for keeping score, dice)
- Removes cards from storage box or other holding device (e.g. rubber band)
   Appropriately (e.g. does not dump cards in disorder on table or bend cards)
- INSTRUCTOR INSERTS HERE the specially written tasks regarding the essential game rules client is to follow, and other playing factors that may require special consideration, as explained in directions above.
- Shows acceptable sportsmanship while playing game And at end of game when wins or loses
- When all game-playing is over: Returns cards to storage box or otherwise secures them
  Appropriately
  And returns cards to appropriate storage area